# RAYALASEEMA UNIVERSITY, KURNOOL

Common Framework of CBCS for Colleges in Andhra Pradesh w.e.f. 2017-2018 (Revised in April, 2016)

# III YEAR VI SEMESTER Paper-VIII: Elective-A

#### **Foundations of Data Science**

# **Course Objectives**

Modern scientific, engineering, and business applications are increasingly dependent on data, existing traditional data analysis technologies were not designed for the complexity of the modern world. Data Science has emerged as a new, exciting, and fast-paced discipline that explores novel statistical, algorithmic, and implementation challenges that emerge in processing, storing, and extracting knowledge from Big Data.

## **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Able to apply fundamental algorithmic ideas to process data.
- 2. Learn to apply hypotheses and data into actionable predictions.
- 3. Document and transfer the results and effectively communicate the findings using visualization techniques.

#### UNIT I

**INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE:** Data science process – roles, stages in data science project – working with data from files – working with relational databases – exploring data – managing data – cleaning and sampling for modeling and validation – introduction to NoSQL.

#### UNIT II

**MODELING METHODS**: Choosing and evaluating models – mapping problems to machine learning, evaluating clustering models, validating models – cluster analysis – K-means algorithm, Naïve Bayes – Memorization Methods – Linear and logistic regression – unsupervised methods.

# UNIT III

**INTRODUCTION TO R Language:** Reading and getting data into R – ordered and unordered factors – arrays and matrices – lists and data frames – reading data from files.

#### **UNIT IV**

**PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS:** Statistical models in R - Binomial, Poisson, Normal distributions – Manipulating objects – data distribution.

# **UNIT V**

**DELIVERING RESULTS:** Documentation and deployment – producing effective presentations– Introduction to graphical analysis – plot() function – displaying multivariate data – matrix plots – multiple plots in one window - exporting graph - using graphics parameters. Case studies.

#### Reference Books

- 1. Nina Zumel, John Mount, —Practical Data Science with RI, Manning Publications, 2014.
- 2. Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey D.Ullman, —Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 3. Mark Gardener, —Beginning R The Statistical Programming Language, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2012.
- 4. W. N. Venables, D. M. Smith and the R Core Team, —An Introduction to RI, 2013.
- 5. Tony Ojeda, Sean Patrick Murphy, Benjamin Bengfort, Abhijit Dasgupta, —Practical Data Science Cookbook, Packt Publishing Ltd., 2014.
- 6. Nathan Yau, —Visualize This: The FlowingData Guide to Design, Visualization, and Statistics, Wiley, 2011.
- 7. Boris lublinsky, Kevin t. Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, —Professional Hadoop Solutions, Wiley, ISBN: 9788126551071, 2015.

# Student Activity:

- 1. Collect data from any real time system and create clusters using any clustering algorithm
- 2. Read the student exam data in R perform statistical analysis on data and print results

#### **Foundations of Data Science Lab**

#### **Objectives:**

- ✓ R is a well-developed, simple and effective programming language which includes conditionals, loops, user defined recursive functions and input and output facilities.
- ✓ R has an effective data handling and storage facility,
- ✓ R provides a suite of operators for calculations on arrays, lists, vectors and matrices.
- ✓ R provides a large, coherent and integrated collection of tools for data analysis.

#### **Outcomes:**

- ✓ At end student will learn to handle the data through R.
- ✓ Student will familiar with loading and unloading of packages.

## Foundations of Data Science Lab

- I. Installing R and R studio
- II. Basic Operations in r
- 1. Arithmetic Operations
- 2. Comments and spacing
- 3. Logical Operators <, <=, >, >=, = , !=, &&, 1

# III.

- 1. Getting data into R, Basic data manipulation
- 2. Vectors, Materials, operation on vectors and matrices.

# IV.

- 1. Basic Plotting
- 2. Quantitative data
- 3. Frequency plots
- 4. Box plots
- 5. Scatter plot
- 6. Categorial data
- 7. Bar charts
- 8. Pie charts
- V. Loops and functions
- 1. if, if else, while, for break, next, repeat.
- 2. Basic functions- Print(), exp(), Log(), sqrt(), abs(), sin(), Cos(), tan(), factorial(), rand ().